sant or such practices without bringing them to the notice of their superiors, should be dismissed from office, and their re-employment in any Department of the public service strictly interdicted.

"27. In cases where it may not be possible to fix the breach of trust upon a particular individual, but where it may be ascertained that it has been committed in some branch of a Department, reluctant as we should be to inflict injury on any who may be innocent, we should feel it our duty to dispense with the services of the whole body, rather than fail to reach the treacherous and corrupt members of it."

I have the honour to be, &c.,

(Signed) A. MALET,
Chief Secretary.

No. 6184 OF 1850.

Transfer from the Political to the Revenue Department.

CIRCULAR.

No. 6183 OF 1850.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

FROM

H. C. GOLDSMID, ESQ.,
Secretary to Government,
Bombay;

To

LIEUT.-COLONEL J. OUTRAM, C.B.,
Resident at Baroda.

Dated 19th November 1850.

SIR,

I am desired by the Right Honourable the Governor in Council to transmit for your information and future guidance an extract (paragraphs 2 and 3) from my letter No. 6182 of this date to the Political Agent in the Southern Marátha Country, directing that in all future cases of entries of the names of Government servants in accounts as the recipients of bribes, enquiries be at once instituted as to the probability of other proof being forthcoming in support of such entries, before calling on the parties whose names are so entered for explanation.

I have the honour to be, &c.,

(Signed) H. C. GOLDSMID,
Secretary to Government.

Extract paragraphs 2 and 3 from Government letter to the Political Agent in the Southern Marátha Country, dated the 19th November, No. 6182 of 1850.

2. Under the circumstances stated by Mr. Manson, His Lordship in Council is of opinion that no enquiry can now be instituted with any beneficial result, but that hereafter in all cases of entries of the names of Government servants in accounts as receivers of bribes, enquiries should at once be made as to the probability of other proof being forthcoming.

3. To this end it will not be necessary that the persons whose names are entered should be called on for explanation until some probability of obtaining proof appears.

Ordered that a copy of the above Circular and of its enclosure be transferred to the several Departments of the Secretariat, for such steps as may be deemed necessary.

No. 8782 OF 1850.

P. D. REVENUE.

To

E. H. TOWNSEND, Esq.,
Revenue Commissioner, S. D.

SIR,

I have been directed by the Right Honourable the Governor in Council to transmit for your information the accompanying transcript of a Circular issued from the Political Department under date the 19th instant, No. 6183, and of its enclosure, and to inform you that the local officers under your control will be the best judges in each case as to whether the instructions contained in the 3rd paragraph of the letter to the address of the Political Agent in the Southern Marátha Country should be acted on.

Bombay Castle, 30*th November* 1850.

No. 8783 OF 1850.

The same to A. M. Shaw, Esq., Revenue Commissioner, N. D.

Bombay Castle, 30*th November* 1850.

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(40)

Postal Matters: *Use of Government paper and service stamps for correspondence of a personal nature prohibited.*

CIRCULAR.

No. 792 OF 1882.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

Bombay Castle, 3rd March 1882.

RESOLUTION OF GOVERNMENT.

The attention of all officers in the Civil Department should be called to Rule 299 of the Rules for official correspondence published at page 61 of the Indian Postal Guide, 1882, and they should be informed that the use of Govern-